

FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

[VOL. XLIII.]

FAYETTEVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA, MAY 21, 1860.

[NO. 2242.]

OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 17, 1860.

BELL AND EVERETT RATIFICATION MEETING.

FAYETTEVILLE, May 15, 1860.

In accordance with previous notice, a very large and enthusiastic meeting of the friends of Constitutional Union was held in the Town Hall this evening.

On motion of Col. Leete, T. C. Fuller, Esq., was called to the Chair, and R. M. Orrell requested to act as Secretary.

Mr. Fuller in his usual clear and forcible manner, explained the object of the meeting, and closed by declaring the meeting ready for business.

Col. Leete then introduced to the meeting Maj. F. D. Poisson of Wilmington, Sub-elect for the district, who rose and delivered a most able and eloquent address.

For two hours or more he held the audience spell-bound, except when their appreciation was manifested by the most profuse and continued applause.

Gen. Leitch of Robeson was called, who came forward and spoke graphically of the Baltimore Convention. As a member of that body, he was familiar with all that transpired, and entertained the house with a free statement of facts connected with the Convention.

Messrs. Kelly of Bladen, Buxton of Cumberland, McDonald of Moore, and McNair of Robeson, were severally called, and responded, intoning the ring of the true metal, and promising as opportunities offered we should hear from them again.

On motion of Wm. Vink, Esq., a committee of five was appointed to report resolutions, consisting of Wm. Vink, Maj. A. McLean, Colin McKee, Esq., Col. C. E. Leete, Randall McDaniel, Esq., who reported the following:

Resolved, That, as Patriots and lovers of the Constitution and Laws, we congratulate our countrymen on the nomination of Bell and Everett as candidates for President and Vice President of the U. S., hoping thereby all sectional feeling may be allayed and the North and South may again learn to appreciate each other.

Resolved, That we are fully satisfied to take the Constitution as our Platform and guide in all future political movements, as adopted by the Baltimore Convention.

Resolved, That we are united in favor of Equal Taxation as laid down in the Platform of the Raleigh Convention.

Resolved, That we have a warm appreciation of the merits of our candidate for Governor, John Pool, and will spare no honorable efforts to secure his election, knowing that we shall thereby advance the general good of the State.

These resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the meeting adjourned.

R. M. ORRELL, Sec'y.

THOS. C. FULLER, Ch'n.

COUNTY CANDIDATES.—At the Democratic

Convention in this place on Tuesday last the following nominations were made: For the Senate, Col. Duncan Shaw of Cumberland; for the Commons, C. G. Wright, Esq., of C. H. and Messrs. J. S. Harrington and C. H. Coffield of Harnett. The Senatorial nomination after a number of ballots was first tendered to Hon. J. G. Shepherd, who declined it. Then a number of other ballots resulted in the choice of Col. Shaw. The Commons' nominations were made with less assumption of time. The Harnett delegates sent a committee to the Eastern roof of the Market House, and the Cumberland delegates a committee to the Western roof. The latter reported Mr. Wright, and the nomination was at once confirmed. The former reported that Mr. Coffield had 8 out of 14 Harnett votes, and he was confirmed. Next they reported a tie between Messrs. Harrington and J. C. Williams, and the Convention chose the former. There was no fun in the Convention. We understand that there is a very lively time outside.

The Convention adjourned, after a little squabble about the nomination of a sheriff, to enable a meeting of the Cumberland delegates to settle that matter. A portion of the delegates regarded their commission as at an end with the Convention; so they seceded, Charleston fashion, except that they took French leave. The remainder nominated Frank N. Roberts, Esq.

CANDIDATES.—Victor C. Barringer, Esq., is a candidate to represent Robeson and Stanly Counties in the Senate of the next Legislature.

A very large Convention of the Opposition of Chatham met in Pittsburgh on Tuesday. Every District in the County was represented, and the following ticket was unanimously nominated: For the Senate, E. H. Straughn, Esq.; for the Commons, Col. W. P. Taylor and Messrs. R. D. Green and James H. Headen. The Democratic Convention was to meet in Pittsburgh yesterday to nominate candidates, but with very poor prospects. Chatham will probably give Mr. Pool an old fashioned majority and elect the whole Opposition ticket.

THE CANVASS FOR GOVERNOR.—A gentleman writing us on business from Pitt County adds: "I have had the pleasure of hearing Gov. Ellis and Mr. Pool on two occasions—at Snow Hill, Greene County, and at Greenville, Pitt County. At both places I heard a great many say that they did not believe Mr. Pool had his equal as a debater. His speeches had a very good effect with the people, and he is making many converts. The Eastern people, (except a few political demagogues and their deluded followers) do not deny the justice of equal taxation, and they are going for Pool and ad valorem."

We are assured upon reliable authority that Burke will increase her vote for Gov. Ellis 200 at least.—*Saturday Banner.*

And we are assured that Burke will give "a handsome majority" for Pool. It gave Bragg 64 majority and McRae 25. Our information is reliable.

CAMPAIGN PAPERS.—We received this morning from a friend in the up country a single list of seventy subscribers to the Observer during the present campaign. We have had abundant reason to be satisfied with the increased and increasing circulation of the Observer, but a list of 70 is unparalleled in our experience, and is of course gratifying as we do not lower the dignity of the Press by soliciting patronage of any kind.

MISTAKES.—The Raleigh Standard, speaking of the Baltimore Union Convention, says,—

"The Convention, despairing in advance of their ability to agree on a platform, planted themselves on the federal Constitution. Each member of the Convention of course reserved to himself the right to interpret the Constitution as he pleases. The Convention could not even agree on a resolution approving the present fugitive-slave law."

The Standard is altogether mistaken on all these points. There would have been no difficulty in constructing a platform like that of the Democrats at Cincinnati, which each section of the country might construe differently. Any artful man, familiar with the uses of words, could do that. But the Union Convention did not do that because it considered such a course disreputable, wanting in candor and honesty. Ninety-nine out of a hundred of the members of the Convention were agreed upon that point.

Nor did "each member reserve to himself the right to interpret the constitution as he pleases." The avowals were universal of a determination to abide by the judicial interpretation of the constitution.

And finally, the fugitive slave law was the one most particularly referred to as to be enforced, in the determination of the Convention to go for "the Enforcement of the Laws."

We repeat that the Standard is entirely mistaken in all its points.

A GOOD TIME TO CHANGE PREACHING FOR PRACTICE.—For years and years "a united South" has been dinned into our ears by the Democracy as the only means of saving the country. There is now an opportunity for them to practice what they have so long preached. Their own party has been rent in twain. The Constitutional Union party has offered to the country an illustrious Southern Statesman for the Presidency, and for the second office a man from the North whose reputation as Patriot, Statesman, Orator and Scholar is surpassed in this or the other hemisphere by that of no living American. As the Savannah Republican remarks:—

"The men nominated are great names in American history, and yet neither belongs to any political organization of the present day. The bitter sectional strife of modern politics have possessed no charms for either, and they have stood alone, outside the gladiatorial pale, and content to serve their country by holding aloof or quietly depositing their votes on the side of moderation, order and law. They have possessed less of patriotism and more of the love of self, they might have been active participants in the factional struggles that have characterized our recent history."

"If the public mind is wearied of strife and duly alive to the terrible progress we have made towards anarchy and ruin, there are no two men in our broad land, who are better fitted for leaders in a movement for the re-inauguration of the better days of the Republic."

"As regards Mr. Bell, no man in the country has been more thoroughly abused; but fortunately for him, time has proved his vindicator, and the very measures which he opposed and for which opposition he received much of public condemnation in the South are now, by common consent, set down as infamous and deceptive ploys to entrap the South to her ruin."

"As to Everett, when we speak of him, we feel that we are trading on sacred ground. Who can speak ill of such a man? We cannot believe that he has an enemy in the broad limits of the Union. He is, at least, known—and we assert it as an evidence that great virtue and patriotism will have their triumph sooner or later—that a large minority of the late Charleston Democratic Convention were perfectly willing to pay their tribute to his worth by nominating him as their candidate for the Vice Presidency. We say we know this to be so, we derived the information from personal interviews with delegates both from the North and the South."

Mr. Bell being in Philadelphia was serenaded on Friday night, a crowd of many thousands being assembled in front of the La Pierre hotel where he was stopping. He received thanks in a brief speech, according to enter into a discussion of the agitating subjects of the day, but referring to his opinions and acts which are on record. His desire was,—

"To restore harmony to this distracted country; [loud cheers] to bring back the Government to its ancient character; [cheers]; and that party discussions of questions of domestic and foreign policy should be national. [Cheers.] I should regard this as a hopeless undertaking if I did not believe it to be a fact that the large majority of the people, both of the Democratic and Republican party, are conservative in their feelings, love the Union, and will not do anything wilfully or with premeditation that may tend to its destruction, or to the introduction of anarchy and the overthrow of our glorious Constitution. [Applause.]"

GOV. MOREHEAD.—The Delegates from this State at Baltimore were repeatedly assured of a desire by Delegates from other parts of the country to vote for Gov. Morehead as the candidate for President of the United States. The nomination of Gov. Graham by our State Convention of course prevented our Delegation from giving any encouragement to vote for any one else—though every one knows how gladly, under other circumstances, they would have united upon Gov. Morehead.

DIFFERENT LATITUDES.—Out here the Democracy are, as usual, abusing Bell and Everett as unsound on "the nigger," and affect to think them very fit nominees for the Black Republicans.

In New York, on the contrary, that veteran Democratic paper, the Journal of Commerce, says that "when the Republicans consent to adopt the ticket nominated at Baltimore, a political millennium may be looked for right speedily."

STATE BONDS.—\$10,000 North Carolina 6s. sold in New York on Saturday at 97. \$51,000 Virginia at 92 to 92 1/2. \$11,000 Tennessee at 91 1/2 to 91 3/4. \$27,000 Missouri at 83 1/2.

STRAWBERRIES.—This delicious fruit is abundant and fine this season. We are favored with some very large ones from the garden of Mrs. Wright Cotten of Chatham county.

SCENES IN CONGRESS.—We copy elsewhere a brief account of a scene in the House on Thursday last between two Illinois Members, Morris, Democrat, and Kellogg, Republican. Such blackguardism is not very rare in the House, we regret to say. On Friday last, when indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Gilmer for admission to the floor of the House, our ears were stunned by the uproar. There were from ten to fifteen members on their feet, all talking at the top of their voices to the Speaker, and the Speaker himself talking his best at the same time. How they could hear or understand each other, was more than we could tell. The other members present, a hundred or more, were generally conversing, reading, &c., without the slightest concern about what the Speaker and the others were after. Remarkable to a member that that was a prodigious uproar, he smiled and replied that it was nothing to what they often had. The Speaker's Page was at his side, constantly prompting that amiable but inefficient functionary. Every one could see that he was telling the Speaker what to do, and whom to recognize. This is a singular character. He is perfectly familiar with the Rules, with the names of members, and the whole routine of business; is quick and decided, yet apparently modest. He seems to be about 18 years of age. But for him, Mr. Pennington could not get along at all, as he possesses no quality to fit him for a post so full of difficulty.

We could but contrast the scene with that which had just occurred at Baltimore. There 500 to 600 persons were assembled, with a vast number of spectators; yet order and harmony prevailed. Not an unkind or disrespectful word was exchanged; and no sentiment was uttered from the North to which the South could take exception, nor one from the South to which the North could object. The N. Y. Commercial, a Republican paper, whilst utterly objecting to the conclusions to which the Convention came, says very truly:—

"No one will deny that the fusion American Whig National Convention, which has been held at Baltimore, was composed of gentlemen. Its whole proceedings were marked with those proprieties and amenities of deportment and language which belong to refined society. With this characteristic was combined a pure patriotism, a love of country superior to all personal considerations, and of that elevated character which was so aptly and perfectly illustrated in the opening remarks of the Hon. Washington Hunt, the presiding officer of the Convention."

THE ELECTORAL CANVASS.—There is some hypothetical snarling at Mr. Dockery, Opposition Elector for this District, in the Wilmington Journal of the 15th inst., based upon a statement that publication had been made in the Observer of Mr. Dockery's intention to commence the canvass at an early day, without notice or consultation with Mr. Allen, the Democratic Elector. No such publication has been made in the Observer, or any where else that we have heard.

CONGRESS.—Nothing of interest in either House on Monday. On Tuesday, in the Senate, Mr. Douglas, says the despatch, made a powerful speech on the Jeff. Davis resolutions. In the House, Cooper, Mich. Dem., was ousted from a seat, and Howard, Rep., put in his place.

Great Defalcation.—We copy from an Administration evening paper of yesterday, says the National Intelligencer, the annexed paragraph disclosing a large defalcation in a public office:

"A Very Heavy Reported Defalcation.—We learn that the upshot of the investigation concerning the state of the accounts of the New York city post office, so long delayed, has been that the Postmaster, Mr. Fowler, with an aggregated deficiency of somewhere between \$155,000 and \$160,000. And, further, that the Government will at once put all its available power in motion to work to secure all or as much as possible of the deficiency from the postmaster and his sureties."

We hear that Mr. George Law and Mr. Elijah Purdy are both in the city, and that Mr. Law is endeavoring to secure another dollar of the defalcation, which, we understand, is to-day admitted to the extent of the Department's claim.

The New York Times, received this morning, says that Mr. Fowler disappeared on Sunday, and has not been heard of since. The money, it is well known, has been used to keep up "the party"; and Mr. Fowler has been behind hand since his appointment by President Pierce. The failure to carry out the President's views at Charleston, and the certainty that his successor will be no friend of his, have led, it is thought, to Mr. Fowler's exposure and sacrifice.

It is alleged that the whole of the deficit occurred under the Administration of President Pierce, but for various reasons, mostly of a political nature, it has not before been made public, although it was well known by the Administration at Washington.

It is any wonder that the Department cannot afford \$15,000 a year to pay North Carolina railroads as large a price as those of other States get?

First Engine.—The first Locomotive for the Western Division of the W. & A. Railroad, arrived at this place last Saturday evening, bringing several box and flat cars laden with bridge iron and road material. She is called the "Wilmington."—*Charlotte Democrat.*

MARRIED.

At the M. E. Church in Elizabeth Town, on Thursday the 16th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Betts, Mr. JAMES S. ROBINSON to Miss LUCY LESENE, daughter of James W. Lesene, Esq.; all of Bladen.

In Sampson county, on the 15th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Caraway, Mr. O. S. YARBOROUGH, of Wilmington, N. C., to Miss MARGARET SMITH.

In Sampson county, on the 15th inst., by Rev. Mr. Caraway, Mr. DANIEL BROCK to Miss MARGARET, daughter of Rev. Miles P. Owen.

At the residence of Dr. J. W. Blount, in Duplin Co., on Tuesday, April 24th, by the Rev. J. H. Sprunt, COOPER HUGGINS, Esq., of Onslow, to Miss MARY E. HENRY, daughter of the late John Scott, Esq.

At Graham, Alamance county, on the 1st inst., by Rev. A. Wilson, Dr. D. Mr. ROBERT HUNTER to Miss MARY J. SCOTT, daughter of the late John Scott, Esq.

DIED.

In Lower Fayetteville, on the 5th inst., Mrs. GILLEY DEPO, wife of late Rev. John Depo, aged 64 years. She was a consistent member of the M. E. Church for the last 20 years, and died in a full hope of a resting place in heaven.

In Bladen county, on the 12th inst., of congestive chill, Mr. HENRY MELVIN, aged 21 years and 1 day. Also, on the 13th, Mrs. REBECCA MELVIN, an advanced age.

Near Hillsborough, on the 16th inst., Mr. JAMES FAUCETT, in the 76th year of his age. In Clinton, on the 13th inst., SOPHIA A., wife of Bold R. Hood, Esq., aged 86 years.

AGRICULTURAL MEETING.

FOR THE OBSERVER.

A meeting of the Cumberland County Agricultural Society was held in the Town Hall on Monday evening last, John C. Smith, Esq., Chairman and John P. McLean, Secretary. The object of the meeting was briefly and appropriately explained by the chairman, after which a committee appointed by the chair to prepare measures for carrying out the object of the meeting, viz: R. McDaniel, W. McMillan, J. C. Blocker, C. H. Coffield, and Neil McElroy, reported the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we feel a deep interest in the cause of Agriculture, and particularly in the counties of Cumberland and Harnett, and we will exert ourselves to promote this important and essential branch of industry.

Resolved, That to accomplish this and to create in the public mind an interest adequate to its importance, we will hereafter hold meetings of the Society regularly on Monday of each County Court week, with a view of forming a closer union of interests among farmers and of eliciting practical and experimental knowledge with regard to the management and improvement of the farm.

Resolved, That we have undiminished confidence in the advantages and utility to the farmer and the citizens generally of our annual Fair, and we take this occasion to remind our farmer friends and the community, that now is the time to commence making preparations for the next Fair, and we trust the people of Cumberland and Harnett, prompted by a feeling of pride and love for their native soil, will make a Fair that will be not only creditable to the Agricultural Society, but to this section of the "Old North State."

Resolved, That we invite our friends of surrounding counties to join with us in our annual Fair, and compete with us for the prizes offered for the productions of general industry.

The following gentlemen were appointed a committee of correspondence, for the purpose of procuring a Speaker for the next Fair, viz: W. McL. McKay, J. W. Foster, Col. Wm. Alderman and J. P. McLeary. The society adjourned to meet on the first Monday in June next.

JOHN C. SMITH, Ch'n.

JOHN P. McLEAN, Sec'y.

COMMON SCHOOLS.—Yesterday's Standard contains the usual advertisement of the Spring Distribution for Common Schools. This and the neighboring counties will receive as follows:—

Cumberland, \$1,276 06	Harnett, \$850 70
Alamance, 1,219 92	Anson, 1,290 72
Bladen, 962 88	Brunswick, 714 12
Cabarrus, 1,040 88	Chatham, 1,926 60
Columbus, 636 96	Davidson, 1,694 76
Davie, 839 76	Duplin, 1,333 32
Forsyth, 1,275 74	Guilford, 2,217 60
Johnston, 1,337 92	Montgomery, 739 56
Moore, 1,026 26	N. Haver, 1,708 32
Orange, 1,794 84	Randolph, 1,821 12
Richmond, 952 32	Robeson, 1,820 80
Sampson, 1,477 52	Stanly, 761 76
Union, 1,110 96	Wake, 2,534 76
Wayne, 1,238 09	Yadkin, 1,141 32

We noticed the arrival at our wharves yesterday afternoon, from Wilmington, Del., of a new iron sternwheel steamer called the A. P. Hurt, after worthy commander, Captain A. P. Hurt, under whose supervision she was constructed.

The A. P. Hurt is intended as a passenger and freight boat between this place and Fayetteville, and from her light draught, her staunch and roomy accommodations, we should think her owners would find her adapted to all the demands of the trade. Her dimensions are as follows:—Length 118 feet, exclusive of wheel; breadth of beam 18 feet; depth of hold 4 feet. She draws 17 inches when light, and is of 125 tons burthen. On her upper deck are the saloons and berths; she has 30 berths in all. There are six state-rooms with three berths in each—a saloon and dining apartment, a social hall for way passengers, and where gentlemen may smoke—a room, the last aft, for ladies traveling with children. All these are fitted up in good taste and excellent style.

The Hurt was built by Messrs. Pusey, Jones & Co., of Wilmington, Del., for the Cape Fear Steamboat Company, and will run in connection with the Flora McDonald in the Cape Fear Steamboat Line, for which Messrs. T. C. & B. G. Worth are agents in Wilmington, and Mr. J. A. Worth in Fayetteville. The fact that the boat was built under the personal supervision of Capt. Hurt, and that she will be commanded by him is sufficient guarantee for the character of the craft and her management. Her engines, we had almost forgotten to mention, are very powerful, and sufficient to drive her at almost any required rate of speed.

Wilmington Journal.

We are happy to announce the arrival here of this elegant boat. She left Wilmington yesterday at 11 A. M. and arrived here at 5 A. M. this morning.

She cost \$16,000. Her proprietors have our best wishes for her complete success.

A Scene in the House.—On Thursday last, a territorial bill under discussion—

Mr. Morris, of Illinois, said when these sections should be ready for discussion he would be prepared to show that his colleague had acted the part of a consummate demagogue.

Mr. Kellogg replied that his colleague found it impossible to deport himself as a gentleman.

Some further and harsher epithets passed between the gentlemen, and a scene of much confusion ensued.

Mr. Sherman said he rose to a question of the highest privilege. He moved that this House censure the gentleman from Illinois for the use of unparliamentary and improper language by the application of an epithet to his colleague.

Member. Which gentleman from Illinois? Mr. Sherman. The one who first used the epithet. It seems to me that this House should begin to preserve its own dignity.

Mr. Adrain moved to amend the motion by extending the censure to both the gentlemen from Ohio that it was necessary to take some measures to preserve the dignity of the House.

Mr. Phelps raised a question of order that no vote of censure could be passed unless the offensive words were taken down in writing. He suggested that it would be best to withdraw the motion.

Mr. Sherman said he would withdraw it, trusting that the offence would not be repeated.

Mr. Grow remarked that the language was so much more mild than they had been accustomed to hear that it was as well to withdraw the motion.

AN ELOQUENT SPEECH.
No one who heard the speech of the grand-son of Patrick Henry, in the late Baltimore Convention, can forget it. In matter and manner it was worthy of the fame of the great Revolutionary orator. We copy the following report of it from the Baltimore American:

Mr. Henry, of Tennessee, ascended the platform amid great cheering. He said: Having bestowed the compliment of a nomination by this great Convention upon our distinguished fellow-citizen of Tennessee, it becomes an imperative duty, as it is a pleasure, for one of the citizens of Tennessee to return to this Convention the profound thanks of that State for your liberality and generous support. I thank you, gentlemen, for the nomination that has been conferred upon John Bell upon the present occasion. We have presented him to the Union party of the country, believing that he was sound, constitutional and able, and that the country cannot, under any circumstances, do better than to elect him to the Presidential Chair. [Applause.]

I have watched his political career since I have been a boy. Not one word was ever uttered by or fell from the lips of that distinguished man that did not look to the glory, honor and character of the whole country. [Applause.] You may take a volume of his speeches and you will find that no sectional advice ever soiled the sheet upon which his speeches were written. If you will look at his course in regard to internal improvements, you will find that he was always ready to advance the honor and glory of the country, either at the North or the South, the East or the West. His whole life has been devoted to the common good and welfare of America. You have the guarantee, in his past history, that the administration of John Bell, should he be elected, will be pure, constitutional, economical and patriotic. [Applause.] They say sometimes of John Bell that he is slow and cautious. [Applause.] That venerable man (pointing to the portrait of Washington over the President's chair), who led our armies to victory in the darkest hour of the Revolution, was always cautious. [Applause.] Cautiousness is the mother everywhere of wisdom. He alone ought not to be trusted who is rash, and he who is cautious has the helm of reason to guide his conduct, and will seldom err. Such a man, gentlemen, is John Bell. [Applause.] I ask you if he is not a fit representative for the party that have assembled here? We are not Whigs or Democrats, but we are Union men. [Applause.] For myself, I could have been brought into this canvass under no other banner, for, as God is my judge, I know no distinction between the people of Massachusetts or Maine and those of Tennessee or Louisiana. [Applause.] I hail them as brothers everywhere. My only devotion is to the Union of the States. [Applause.]

Gentlemen, I trust I may be pardoned for talking a little about the national and revolutionary blood that is in my veins. (A voice—He is the grandson of Patrick Henry.) [Applause.] I can fight under no other banner upon earth than that which looks to the glory and honor and perpetuity of our glorious country. I ought to be excused, I say, for dwelling a little upon the Union of the States. The revolutionary blood that beats and throbs in my veins [applause] would prevent me from winking or bearing aloft any other banner. There is a cry that comes to me from the battle fields of the revolution. It comes! It is ringing in my ears! It is in the air that is around me! It comes from the bloody field of Guilford! It is the cry of my father's blood that appeals to me from the grave, by the blood that was shed on the field of Guilford, and charges me to be true to the Union. [Warm applause.] I intend to obey that voice, and respond to that sentiment. Why, gentlemen, should we sit by and see this glorious Union dissolved? [Cries of "never."] Should we stand by and see it torn down? [Cries of "never."] While the Dis-unionists at the South desire to tear it down, and Abolitionists at the North to destroy it, in like manner, the charge is upon you and upon me—it is upon us all—to stand by the Union to the death. [Applause.]

What would be the consequences of a dissolution of this Union? May I point them to you but for a single moment? The greatest, the most glorious, and the most independent country upon the face of the wide earth, where man is happiest, and where he is freest, ought we not to defend it with our lives and our blood? [Cries of "yes," and great cheering.] Suppose you dissolve it, what would follow? Why, sir, there comes up the sound of war from among neighboring States, between brothers on the one side and the other. Our young Southern men marry girls that come from New England, New York and Pennsylvania. Are their children to be brought into deadly conflict of strife and of battle upon the field of fraternal discord? [Cries of "No."] Think but for a solitary moment of the consequences! I have but two brothers now living. One of them is here from the State of Tennessee; the other lives in the State of Iowa, in the town of Burlington, on the Mississippi river. Suppose civil discord should reign in our land and the tocsin of war be sounded, the shrill life and the spirit-stirring drum calling hosts of people into the field of battle, to my section, must fight and die for its venerable brother in Iowa must do the same there, and the conflict rages, and the storm of battle, and the leaden shower of death is hurled around us, and I may be brought in conflict with him. I may be compelled to dye my hand in his blood, or I would be hung as a traitor to the South. O, how revolting is the idea! I must strike him down, or I must be hung—and, by the eternal God, I would rather be hung first. [Immense applause.] I would mount the scaffold with much joy as the bridegroom ascends to his bride's chamber before I would stain my hand and arm in fraternal blood.

I pray God Almighty to strike me blind (I am nearly blind now) before my eyes shall ever light upon a field of battle that is made red with the blood of brothers; and may I be deaf before my ears ever hear the tread of armies, where brother dyes his hand in the blood of his brother. We are the Union people. Shall we throw it away? [Cries of "No."] How can we avoid the responsibility of standing up and defending it? With what face could we meet the wondering nations, if, by strife and hate and blinded council, and the blasted sway of accursed demagogues, we throw away this richest heritage God ever gave to man? [Applause.] Blot our fair escutcheon to all coming time—quench the fire of freedom and of light wherever it may dawn, and bid the lovers of mankind depart. If such must be our country's early doom; if all our pride, our power, and cherished hope, our stripes, our stars, our heritage of glory, and the bright names we have taught our children—all must end in this! Never let free men meet again! An early tomb, wherein to escape the hisses and scorn of all mankind, were surely a better doom. Tear down your flags; burn your capitol; dismiss your navy; disband your army; let our commerce rot, overturn our monuments, have in Baltimore and everywhere else; give to the flames the once loyal record of our fathers' deeds; scatter the sacred dust of Washington. [Cries of "Never."] Teach your boys to forget his name; and never let a pilgrim's foot again tread the consecrated ground of Mount Vernon.

If we of the Union party, surrounded by all these bright and glorious hopes, do this, we are the most recreant of all mankind, and the

curse of all time will cling upon us like the shirt of Nessus. We have a fair chance to redeem the land. [Cries of "We will do it."] The Democratic party have broken to pieces at Charleston. The Republican party, a week from now, will share the same fate at Chicago. One stranded, as you aptly remarked yesterday, Mr. President, upon the rock of squatter sovereignty, and the other will be broken down under the weight of the "irrepressible conflict," while the vessel that bears us along, shall

"Walk the waters like a thing of life."

[Applause.] Storms shall rage, but it will not be upon our house. The waters of conflict shall divide, upon the right hand and the left, and we will pass through the Red Sea, unburnt and unharmed.

On my journey here I saw some of the delegates coming from Charleston, and I declare to you I never saw a more broken-down and despondent set. [Laughter.] They were tired, worn out, sleepy, disheartened, and I may say, without a figure of speech, unwashed. [Great laughter.] I said to them, "Gentlemen, in the name of Heaven, what is the matter with you now?" "Oh," says one man, "Our national Democratic party is broken up and the lamentations of the whole world will attend it." "Oh, yes," said I, "I will shed oceans of tears at the result." [Laughter.] They looked to me just like the broken columns of Napoleon's army on their return from the conflict before the walls of Moscow. I said to them and there I caught one, and I asked him to tell me what occurred down there. One said: "I have not slept a wink for four nights." [Laughter.] I said to one, who I thought treated me a little severely, "A little good brandy would cheer you." "No," said he, "brandy would not save me." [Laughter.] And, upon my word, I expect that every one of them will die very soon, and we shall have the mournful pain of reading their obituaries in the newspapers. The friends, however, they have had just as much as they can bear. I have all heard of the causing having his back so heavily laden that one single feather more would break it. So it is with the Democratic party. It is broken down to such a condition that it never can rally. It never will be a party again, and I will tell you why. If you whip it once, it dissolves like snow in the ditch, for it is only held together by the cohesive power of plunder. [Laughter and applause.]

"Now, gentlemen, what will you do with the Republican party? I have no bad feelings to indulge in. I know a great many of them. Many of them are right, clever, and many of them are quite the reverse. [Laughter.] But I can never approve of Republicanism. And why? Because it is against my blood—because it is against my instinct—because they are sectional and not national. [Applause.] I declare to you I would vote for no man upon the earth—not even the immortal Clay and Webster—if they were here again in all their power and in all their magnificent intellect, if they were to head a sectional party. If they did, I would die before I would vote for one of them."

Let me talk about that for a moment. Do you believe a majority of the people of the United States are in favor of these sectional extremes? Do you believe they want to break down this Union? Do you believe the majority of the people at the North are in favor of the everlasting cry about disunion? I beg pardon for using that word here—I do not intend to use it again. Do you believe they were in favor either of dissolving this Union or breaking down the right that Massachusetts has to an inheritance at Yorktown and the battle of Guilford? Do you believe that we have to claim kindred in Bunker's Hill? We are one people, and "whom God has joined together let no man put asunder."

In my humble opinion there is a vast majority of the people of the United States who are now affiliating with us and with our opinions. If every man in America would come out boldly and vote his sentiments and feelings of his heart, and record his name at the ballot-box, with his genuine real sentiments, John Bell would be elected by an overwhelming majority. [Applause.] The vast majority of our people are neither Democrats nor Republicans. The vast majority of the North are not Republicans, and my friend, the President of this Convention, knows that fact well. Let me tell him (the President), that his course has excited the admiration of the South. [Applause.] A vast majority of the people in the United States are in favor of the Union, and if they vote their sentiments on this occasion, Bell will be elected. Why should not free men vote their own sentiments? It is the sound, national, conservative sentiment of America, which, though it may be

"Still as the breeze,
Is dreadful as the storm,"
you will see recorded at the polls. Then we will be wondrously successful—successful for no purpose of the spoils—for no desire of the gain of the leaves and calves. [Laughter.] We are here as citizens, not as office-seekers. [Applause.] There is no office upon the face of the wide earth that I would hold; for thank God, I am able to do without office. I think that will be the sentiment of a large portion of the gentlemen by whom I am surrounded, for the country, and not for office. [Applause.]

I said there was no office I would hold. I desire to correct that. I desire to be strictly a man of truth before this most intelligent body of Americans. There is one office I would hold for thirty days, and thirty days only. It should be the busiest administration that ever you saw during that time. [Laughter.] I would like to be President just thirty days. If I were so, I would put a small card in the newspapers to the effect that I am now on my way to the North, on the blood of the nation. To them I would say, "take up thy bed and walk." [Laughter and applause.] But I would be very clear indeed not to add to that, "thy sins be forgiven thee." Instead of that, I will tell you what I would do. At every avenue leading from the city of Washington I would have a guard placed to catch the rogues as they were running. [Laughter.] I declare to you without a figure of speech that the present government of the United States is the most corrupt on the face of the wide earth. The expenditures of the General Government have run up since 1856 from forty millions of dollars to eighty millions. The distinguished Sage of Wheatland declared that the former expenditure was too much and ought to be reduced, and yet, in three years, he brought it from forty up to nearly eighty millions. Now, in three years he would raise the expenditures of the Government from forty to eighty millions of dollars, crying out all the time for reduction of the public expenses, how long do you suppose it would take to bring them down forty millions? [Laughter.]

I recollect of reading a story that illustrates that thing most beautifully: A schoolmaster said to a boy once, "Here, John, I have got a sum for you to work out. A cat is down in a well thirty feet. Every time she comes up one foot she falls down two. I want you to tell me how long it will be till she reaches the top." The boy worked all day, and covered both sides of his slate with figures. He worked in the same manner the next day, and the schoolmaster came to him and said: "Well, John, how are you getting on?" Says John, "I have not got to the end of this thing yet, but I think I can see through it." "Is she near out?" asked the schoolmaster. Said the boy: "I do not think she is getting out at all—"

so far from getting out, she is more than half way down to hell now." [Laughter and applause.] That is a fair specimen of the manner in which Mr. Buchanan is carrying on the affairs of this Government. They are stealing by the countenance of the President. I remember very well that some distinguished gentleman from Philadelphia wrote to the President, on behalf of a company there, for the purpose of securing a contract, and if the contract was awarded them, he would help to elect Mr. Florence. Instead of putting his heel upon such an offer, and prosecuting the man that held out such a bribe, the President handed the letter over to the Secretary, with some terms of commendation, the result being that the party got the contract in question. I felt so humbled when that thing occurred that I scarcely looked an honest man in the face for more than a week afterwards. [Laughter.] Well, now, gentlemen, that is the way things are going on.

After being some time in your beautiful city I walked up to the Washington Monument; I went up 250 steps until I got as near as I could to old George Washington himself, desiring to rekindle the old fires of patriotism that were wont to beam over his own glorious countenance. I thought when I saw him standing with that paper in his hand, that it was the Farewell Address, and I thought I heard the marble lips say to me, "Do all you can here in Baltimore to save the Union." I thought I still saw the old inspiration linger everywhere upon his countenance whether upon the canvass or the marble, on whether the sign-board of the common tavern or in the creation of Stuart. I thought I saw upon his countenance that there was an approving smile that seemed to sanctify our deed and hallow our enterprise. I heard it as distinctly as ever I heard any word. Frown down upon all that attempt to separate the Union, or break the cord that binds us together as one people. [Applause.] This is the mission you are called upon to discharge. This is the mission that has brought us here. Our cause is right and just, and in the language of one of Maryland's best patriots—one now dead, and around whose grave the tears of the nation have been shed—I say,

"Conquer we must, for our cause is just,
And this be our motto:—'In God we trust.'"

NORTH CAROLINA
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.
WILL BE OPEN for visitors the 1st of June. The property is situated near the great resort of the Western N. C. Railroad, and not an hour's ride by superior Omnibuses and Stages.
The Proprietor has procured the services of
THOMPSON TYLER
as Manager, whose experience at the various fashionable watering places, and his gentlemanly bearing, insures good order and good fare.
The very best BALL ROOM LEADER and BLACK BAND of MUSICIANS that the city of Richmond, Virginia, affords, have been procured.
Riding Vehicles and Horses, BILLIARD SALOONS and BOWLING ALLEYS, are at the command of visitors. The country is elevated and healthy; the scenery beautiful and roads most excellent, and the pleasure grounds extensive.
There is no water better than that afforded by the North Carolina Springs. The water is pure and soft. The patronage of the Carolinas is confidently relied on to repay the Proprietor for the expensive outlay he has made to fit up a watering place suited to their wants. And he promises that no pains shall be spared by himself or his gentlemanly assistants, to render all who visit him, pleasant and comfortable.
H. L. ROBERTS, PROPRIETOR.
May 14, 1860. 18-14

THE SEA SIDE.
THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has again opened his House at Wrightsville, and is prepared to accommodate all who wish to enjoy the benefits and pleasures of the Sea Shore.
R. H. GRANT.
May 11. 18-11

For Sale.
A SECOND HAND PIANO FORTE. Apply at this Office by hand addressed to "M."
May 15. 18-21

THE EMPORIUM OF FASHION FOR LADIES.
No. 14 Hay Street.
A VERY CHOICE STOCK of Black and Fancy Silks, Dress Goods, Black and Fancy Broadened Silks, Black and Fancy Bayadere Silks, Beautiful Plaid Silks, Summer Silks, Chalmers, Barges, Poplins, Delaines, Duvals, Pail de Chevre, Grenadines, Mous de Chevre, Organdies, Lawns, Brilliantes, Chambrays, Gingham, Lawns, French, English and American Prints, Dainties, Bird's Eye Diapers, Table Linens and Napkins, Marcellines, Linen, Sheetings, Table, Bed and Pillow Cases, Irish Linen, Sheetings, Table, Bed and Pillow Cases, Bleached Mullins, &c.

LACE POINTS.
Mantles, Dusters, of every description. White Crape Shawls, &c.

DRESS TRIMMINGS.
Every variety and style.
Jacquette, Tulle, Nainsook, India Mull, Book and Swiss Mullins, Bishop and Victoria Lawns, &c.
Collars and Under-sleeves, Edging, Lace, Flouncing, Embroidered Bands, Infant Waists, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Lawn, Collars and Sets, Embroidered and Embossed Curtains, Ties, Lace Veils, Inserting, Re-veiling, &c.

PARASOLS.
Showettes, Sun Shades, Fans, Umbrellas, &c.
Zephyr and Shetland Wools.
Embroidered Slippers, Ottoman and Cushions, Embroidered Chemises, Gold, Silver, Steel and Glass Beads, Organdies, Lawn, Collars and Sets, Embroidered and Embossed Curtains, Ties, Lace Veils, Inserting, Re-veiling, &c.

Bertha, Lace Capes.
Bird and White Mantle Lace, Bonnets, Ruches, French Artificial, Florence & Book Linings, Ribbons, Flats, &c.

Hoop Skirts.
Belle of the South, &c.

Travelling Satchels.
Work Boxes, Bonnet Boxes.

LADIES' EUGENIE FRENCH TRAVELING TRUNKS.
With Beautiful Compartments, Secret Drawers

All the above Goods are of the latest styles and cheap, and pronounced by competent judges to be one of the most complete stocks of DRY GOODS in the State. Ladies are very respectfully invited to call soon and secure good bargains.

GEORGE BRANDT.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
April 28. 13-17

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.
PLATFORM to weigh 400 and 600 lbs.

Platform and Scoop to weigh 240 lbs.
Counter Scales of various kinds, to weigh 4, 8, 36 and 62 lbs., some with beams, weighing by 1 and 2 ounces.
Letter Scales at \$1 75.

These are the best Scales made; every Scale warranted. Larger Scales will be ordered at N. Y. price adding expenses.
The Scales described above, always for sale by
W. N. TILLINGHAST,
Agent for North Carolina,
at the "Crockery Store,"
Jan'y 18, 1860. 14-10

WHIG MEETING IN ROBESON COUNTY.
Pursuant to previous notice, a portion of the Whigs of Robeson County met at Albionville, on the 12th inst. Col. D. McQueen was called to the Chair, and Dr. J. B. McKee was appointed Secretary.
The object of the meeting being explained, it was Resolved, That we appoint two delegates from this District (Capt. McQueen) to meet the Whig delegation from Richmond County, at Floral College, on the 1st Saturday in June next, to nominate a suitable man to represent us in the next Session of the General Assembly. It was further Resolved, That the delegates from this District be instructed to bring the name of T. J. Morisey, Esq., of Robeson before the Convention, and to urge him as a proper person to represent us, subject to the decision of a majority of the Convention.
It was also Resolved, That delegates be appointed from this District to consult with other Whig delegates of Robeson in Convention at Lumberton, on the 28th inst.
The meeting then elected as delegates to Floral College, John McQueen, and Jas. B. McKee. Alternates, Dr. Warren Alford and Duncan McCallum. Delegates to Lumberton, Capt. J. W. Alford, Robert L. Monroe, Esq., and Capt. A. S. Baker. Alternates, Neill McRimmon, Esq., Brown McCallum and Arch'd Patterson.
A number of the members of the meeting expressed their views freely, relative to the interest and position of the Whig party to the Union. The Meeting was much cheered by the presence of such a veteran soldier in the Whig cause as Col. D. McQueen, who has so bravely and correctly viewed of governmental affairs.
It was Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be sent to the Observer for publication. Adjourned.
JAS. B. MCKEE, Sec'y.

Col. D. McQueen, Chd.

NEW GOODS,
AT THE
CROCKERY STORE.
6 DOZ. SWING AND TOLLETT LOOKING GLASSES.
4 DOZ. WHEAT RIDDLES, Fine.
6 REFRIGERATORS.
Five Minute Ice Cream Freezers,
3 and 4 quart.
Wine Bottles, 4, 5 and 6 to gallon.
Cocoa and Brimma Dippers, Best Box Coffee Mills, Pastry Boxes, Lemon Squeezers, Collis Stubs, Boys Cars, Hand Saws, Axes, Knife Boxes, Towel Stands, Hair Sives, Silver Soap, The Lady's Knife Cleaner, Bird Cages, Ivory Handle Kisten and Carvers, Brilliant Spoons, &c., &c.

—FRESH SUPPLIES OF—
White China, White Granite and Common Wares.
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
May 1. 14-11

1860.
DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, &C.
JAS. N. SMITH.
THE subscriber is now in receipt of a large and SELECT stock of
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Glassware, Perfumery, Dye-Stuffs, Brushes, Varnishes, Glues, Pure Wines, Brandy and Gin for Medical and Surgical and Dental Instruments, Trusses, Supporters, Cupping Cases, Electro Magnet Machines, Black and Green Teas, Spices, Extracts for Flavoring, Porter and Ale, Soap, Starch, &c. &c.
To which he invites the attention of Physicians and others.
Particular attention paid to orders and satisfaction guaranteed both as regards PRICE and QUALITY.
JAS. N. SMITH, Druggist,
Nor. West Corner Market Square.
April 20. 11-17

ATTENTION GENTLEMEN!
At No. 16, South Side Hay Street.
My Stock of Ready-Made Clothing is now complete, (GENTLEMEN will find at this establishment a FINE STOCK OF GOODS, well made and at a low price, embracing every description of
COATS, PANTS, AND VESTS FOR GENTS AND BOYS.
The largest assortment of Shirts, Linen and Marcellines, Stocks, Cravats, Ties, French Lace Ties, every variety of Collars; Socks, Under Garments of Linen, Silk, and Cotton; Alexander's Kid Gloves, Real Dog Skin Gloves, Suspensers, &c.
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, English Sole Leather, Packing and Buggy Trunks, Valises, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Buggy Umbrellas, English Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Strops, Perfumery, &c.

Musical Instruments.
Violins, Banjos, Guitars, Flutings, Accordeons, Italian Strings for all string instruments.
—ALSO—
A great many other GOODS, too numerous to mention.
My friends and customers are very respectfully invited to call and make their purchases at once, at
GEORGE BRANDT'S,
No. 16 Hay Street,
Fayetteville, N. C.
April 28. 12-17

ERRANT, WILSON & BRO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Wines, Liquors & Havana Segars,
NO. 12, HAY ST.
I respectfully invite the attention of Retailers and Wholesalers to their extensive stock of
Bottled Liquors, and Segars,
which for excellence of quality and cheapness of price, cannot be surpassed by any other House in the country. Special attention is invited to their PURE GERMAN WINE VINEGAR, an article not known in the South, and when once tried no private family will do without.
Also, Best RHINE WINES, for Table use; first quality SARDINES, at
ERRANT, WILSON & BRO.,
No. 12, Hay St.
May 7. 15-11

KNIVES AND FORKS.
LARGE and well assorted stock constantly on hand.
Ivory Handle Knives, alone.
Carvers, some superior.
Silver Plated Forks.
Silver Plated Spoons.
Above double and treble plated.
Silver Plated Cutlery.
The best assortment in town.
A variety of Plated Fancy Articles—superior Scissors.
Looking Glasses, &c.
Most of the above goods are obtained directly from the manufacturers, and will be sold cheap, at
"The Crockery Store."
W. N. TILLINGHAST.
Jan'y 18, 1860. 8414

BOWMAN & MURCHISON.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
NO. 113 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.
LIBERAL cash advances made on Consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores and Southern Produce generally.

E. MURRAY, D. B. MURCHISON, J. T. MURRAY.
E. MURRAY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
NORTH WATER STREET,
Wilmington, N. C.

Particular attention given to sale or shipment of Cotton and Naval Stores.
Feb'y 18, 1860. 91-11p1d.

MR. POOL AT WASHINGTON.—The Times is in ecstasies with Mr. Pool's speech at Washington. There is a remark in the following extract from that paper indicating that the Democracy concur with it in its estimate of Mr. Pool's powers:—

"During the delivery of his masterly effort, Mr. Pool was repeatedly applauded and at the conclusion of his speech there was tremendous cheering. It was further resolved, That the Whig delegation from Richmond County, at Floral College, on the 1st Saturday in June next, to nominate a suitable man to represent us in the next Session of the General Assembly. It was further Resolved, That the delegates from this District be instructed to bring the name of T. J. Morisey, Esq., of Robeson before the Convention, and to urge him as a proper person to represent us, subject to the decision of a majority of the Convention."

"As evidence of the practicality and justness of the cause that John Pool is now advocating before the people, Democrats themselves admit that he will be elected by an overwhelming majority. Since he delivered his speech here, we have taken occasion to mingle with the people and must admit that we were astonished to find so many in favor of him."

Mr. Bell's Acceptance.—We are authorized to state that the Hon. John Bell, while sojourning in Philadelphia, signified his purpose to accept the nomination conferred upon him by the Constitutional Union Convention, lately assembled in the city of Baltimore. A formal announcement of the fact will not, however, be made until after his return to Nashville, which, we understand, will be an early day.—Nat. Int.

Mr. Bell's Nomination in Tennessee.—The Nashville Banner thus gives vent to its feelings in regard to the Baltimore nomination for the Presidency:

"The news has just reached us from Baltimore of the nomination of Tennessee's greatest son, the Hon. John Bell, for President of these United States. Even while we write the bells of the canon reverberates among the surrounding hills, and the whole people are rejoicing. The truly National platform adopted by the Baltimore Conservative Union Convention was, 'The Constitution of the United States; and the Enforcement of the Laws.' The announcement will be hailed by the masses throughout the Union with a patriotic enthusiasm, and the name of John Bell will be echoed from Maine to California, to the terror of the enemies of the Constitution and the Union."

The Nominations.—The nominations lately made at Baltimore are growing into favor. Their eminent conservatism is coming to be appreciated. In view of the more immediate issue now before the country, they are widely winning the approval of Constitutional Union men as very fit to be made. The BELL of the Union, it is the opinion of increasing numbers, has been most wisely put up to sound that music of the Union which shall lead controlling numbers to keep-est in harmony therewith.—Wash. Cor. N. Y. Express.

Pennsylvania for Bell.—It is generally conceded in Philadelphia, that Bell and Everett will carry Pennsylvania against Seward or any other Republican who can be nominated at Chicago. Petersburg Intelligencer.

The Medical Board.—This learned and highly respectable body of physicians, says the Raleigh Standard, met in this City on the 7th inst., and continued in session until the 16th. The members present were Dr. J. H. Dickson, President; and Drs. Hapgood, Tull, Manson, C. E. Johnson, and McKee. Dr. Caleb Winslow was detained at home by sickness in his family.

The following physicians were granted certificates to practice medicine in accordance with law in North Carolina:

Drs. L. P. Warren, Edenton, W. A. Blount, Washington, J. P. McCombs, Charlotte, J. W. Shinn, Rowan, W. W. McKenzie, Salisbury, L. W. Robinson, Sampson, W. A. Dunn, Wake, H. Harris, Wake, J. H. Leary, Bertie, R. S. Putney, Edgecombe, W. H. D. Somers, New Hanover, P. F. de St. Clair, New Hanover, C. G. Cox, Onslow, G. N. Bennett, Onslow, D. W. Shaw, Moore.

Trinity College.—The Annual Commencement at this institution occurs on the 20th and 21st of June. The annual sermon is to be preached by Rev. John S. Long, and addresses will be delivered by Dr. Leeds of Rutherford and others. The occasion will be an interesting one. Northern Progress.

Sad Accident.—We regret to learn that on Saturday evening last a son of Dr. Calvin C. Covington, living near Rockingham, Richmond county, N. C., accidentally discharged his gun, the whole load entering the palm and passing directly through his hand. He was in the act of crossing a fence and had his hand on the muzzle of the gun when the gun went off. Though a painful wound, he is doing well and will probably not lose the use of his hand. Cheroke Gazette, 8th inst.

Cotton.—A fine Cotton Stalk was sent to this office on Friday last, which was about eight or ten inches in height, and had some six or eight perfectly formed squares. It looked very healthy, with the exception of the tips of the older leaves, which appeared to have been touched by frost. Wadesborough Argus.

A Good Price.—A negro girl, eighteen years of age, was sold here at public sale on the 8th inst., for fifteen hundred dollars. Terms—Cash. Oxford Leisure Hour.

Receipts of Societies.—We give below a comparative statement of receipts for 1858 and 1859 of some of the more prominent of the Missionary and Religious Societies which last week held their anniversaries in New York:

	1858.	1859.
Young Men's Chris. Asso.	1,686.18	3,154.82
Am. and For. Chris. Un.	73,202.99	53,524.64
Boston Tract Society.	57,063.81	63,656.15
Am. Congregational Union.	10,619.91	9,872.18
A. B. Com. For Mis., 9m.	206,210.00	214,872.00
Am. Home Mis. Society.	188,139.29	175,216.19
Am. Seamen's Friend Soc.	64,700.00	72,604.79
Am. Tract Society.	383,293.90	380,762.90
Am. Bible Society.	415,011.37	435,935.92
Am. and Foreign Bible Soc.	45,003.64	35,860.45
N. Y. State Colonization Soc.	26,835.00	48,000.00

Platforms.—The Charleston Mercury styles the Tennessee Platform "that signal specimen of Southern gullibility and of Northern hubbubery." The most that the Democracy hope for now is the acceptance of this platform by the Baltimore Convention. At present they have only the Cincinnati resolutions, which so many of them united, at Charleston, in pronouncing "a swindle." When the Democracy advance from a swindle to a humbug, they will slightly improve their position before the country.—Rich. Whig.

Queer.—A Democratic meeting in New Orleans last week, adjourned, after giving three cheers for Douglas, three for the Union, and three for Henry Clay.

THE JAPANESE EMBASSY.
OFFICIAL INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, May 17.
The Japanese Embassadors were formally presented to the President to-day. They left the Hotel in open carriages for the Executive mansion, attended by a military and civil escort. They were arrayed in rich brocade robes, and their attendants carried the insignia of their rank in dense throngs of spectators filled the streets as they passed. They were received in the East Room of the White House by the President, his Cabinet, naval and military staffs, principal officials, Senators, Congressmen, a committee from New York, Ladies, &c. A series of formalities preceded the delivery of several letters, and the Embassadors then addressed the President as follows:

"His Majesty, the Tycoon, has commanded us to press to his Majesty the President of the United States in his name, the following sentiments: 'We desire to establish on a firm and lasting foundation the relations of peace and commerce now so happily existing between the two countries under the treaty lately renewed, and concluded by the representatives of both governments, we are now under his orders to receive the ratifications of said treaty in your principal city, Washington. Henceforth he hopes that the friendly relations shall become more and more lasting, and very happy to witness the friendly feeling which we have manifested in bringing us to the United States, and sending us back to Japan in your men-of-war.'"

The President then replied as follows: "I repeat a few lines at a time, and then pausing for the translation to the Embassadors by the interpreter who loved their heads very low at every sentence as it was thus explained to them:

"I give you a cordial welcome as the representatives of the Imperial Majesty, the Tycoon of Japan, to the American Government. We are much gratified to see your Embassy which your great Empire has so graciously credited to any foreign Power has been sent to this country. I trust that this will be the harbinger of perpetual peace and friendship between the two countries. The ratifications you are about to exchange in the Secretary of State cannot fail to be producing benefits and blessings to the people of both Japan and the United States. I can say for myself, and trust for any successor, that it shall be carried into effect in a faithful and friendly spirit, so as to secure the two countries all the advantages they may expect from the happy auspices under which it is being negotiated and ratified. I rejoice that you have been pleased with the kind treatment which you have received on board of our vessels of war whilst on your passage to this country. You shall be sent back the same manner to your native land, under the protection of the American flag. Meanwhile, during your residence amongst us, which I hope may be prolonged as to enable you to visit the different portions of our country, you shall be happy to extend to our citizens and kindred kindnesses eminently due to the friendly Sovereign whom you so worthily represent."

Then followed shaking of hands. Lieutenant General Scott was introduced to the Embassadors, who gave him a warm greeting. The Speaker of the House and others were also present. Everything was done with the utmost system and regularity. The Japanese were delighted with the imposing proceedings. This afternoon the principal dignitaries visited the Capitol.

LATER FROM EUROPE.
HALIFAX, May 16.
The Europa arrived last night, bringing Liverpool dates to the 5th.

England.—Lord Russell stated in the House of Commons that the English proposition for settlement of the San Juan affair had been rejected by the American government. The future action of England depended upon Secretary Cass's reply to the last despatches to Washington. The Chinese Government was pressing forward the Chinese expedition.

France.—The bill modifying the duty upon cotton and other raw materials has been passed unanimously by the legislature. The new law will probably go into operation on the 7th of May.

India.—Advices from India say that the shipment of troops to China had been suspended in anticipation of an amicable arrangement of existing difficulties.

Italy.—Mazzini has issued a proclamation addressed to the Sicilians, urging them to unite with Sardinia.

Commercial.—LIVERPOOL,

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 21, 1860.

know, that the first steamer on the line from New York to Wilmington is advertised to leave New York on Saturday the 2d of June at 4 P. M.

ing at Baltimore a few days ago, said that the corruption of the administration at Washington is so great that "the man in the moon has to hold his nose as he passes over that city."

promptly confirmed.

COMMUNICATIONS.—Several on hand (which will bear keeping) will find places in the *Observer* so soon as we can make room for them.

marks. The aforesaid mare has been viewed and appraised at Eighty Dollars. Taken up the 11th inst., at the lower end of Moore county.

JOHN D. DOWD, Ranger.
Moore county, May 17, 1860. 19*84pd

April 16. 9-11

Tooth Brushes, Toilet Soap.

SPONGES, French and English Perfumery, Combs
&c., for sale by **S. J. HINSDALE & CO.**

the free use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for \$150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here." Such testimony is reaching us every day. The half is not told. Every family should have it. Beware of imitations. The genuine Mustang is sold by all respectable dealers throughout the world.

BARNES & PARK, Proprietors, New York

"Squire, what is the meaning of such a crowd in front of Woodward's?" "He has just received his SPRING STOCK, and I suppose they are there making their selections."

THIS season the style of Coats is Double and Single BREASTED, with Large Sleeves; PANTS, LARGE LEGS; Vest Double and Single Breasted. My Stock is now complete and ready for inspection by all those who wish well made and neat fitting garments. Call and make your selections before the stock is picked over.

CATALOGUE OF DIFFERENT VARIETIES

Black Cloth Coats, Single and Double Breasted.
SILK Mixture Suits.
Cassimere Suits, Imitation Dr. d'Ele.
Black Alpaca Frocks and Sacks.
Tweed in Suits.
Cottonade in Suits.
Linen Frocks and Sacks.
Linen Dusters, are different varieties.
Black Doeskin Pants.
Extra supply of Cassimere.
Drap d'Ele, French Ribbed.
White Drilling.
Navy Duck and Marseilles.
A supply of Youth's Cassimere Suits.
Also, pants for Boys from 7 to 14 years old, VESTS of every style and varieties for the Season.
Special attention is called to a NEW STYLE SHIRT never introduced in this Market before this season. Extra supply of Gauze Flannel and Merino fine Under Shirts. A large supply of Fancy Neck Ties, Collars, Suspenders, Hosiery, Gloves, Trunks, Valises & Carpet Bags.

All the above goods will be sold low for Cash, or on time to all those who pay their Bills when presented.
P. S. Don't forget that my FRENCH TAILOR is ready to make up at any time Clothing for any gentlemen who wish to have them made to order. Call at any time at the ONE PRICE CLOTHING STORE and leave your measure and your doors will be filled and satisfaction guaranteed.
Market Square, Two Doors below Hindsale's Drug Store.
A. J. WOODWARD.
April 9, 1890.

Star Polish of the South!

MANUFACTURED BY
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

A. J. WOODWARD.
That Polish! How it shines. Many of you recall, not nine years ago that I travelled through North Carolina and a portion of South Carolina for the purpose of introducing this Polish. As time elapsed I found that it would multiply. I have succeeded in making it perfect and will warrant it to give satisfaction. It can be had at retail for 10 cents per box or at wholesale for sixty cents per dozen. Dealers will forward their orders two weeks previous to the time they wish them filled.
May 5, 1890.

A GEM!
The New Style, Small, COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS, AT Vanorsdell's Gallery.

ART. Woodward's Solar Camera.

PHOTOGRAPHS can be had at Vanorsdell's Skylight Gallery, Hay street, opposite Marble Yard, Fayetteville, N. C. plain, retouched, colored, in water colors, oil and pastel; from small to life size. Ambrotypes, Melanotypes, and all other styles of Pictures pertaining to the Art. Also, Gilt Frames, Gilt Mounting, Glass for very large pictures, large as 26 by 36 inches. Cord and Tassels for hanging pictures, lanterns, Stock and Chemicals for sale for cash. Life size colored Photographs made from small pictures. Having permanently located here, I hope to merit your patronage. I would also return my sincere thanks for the liberal patronage bestowed on me heretofore by the good people of Fayetteville and vicinity.
C. M. VANORSDELL,
Photographer and Proprietor.
Dec 29, 1889.

NOTICE.
TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Cumberland County, on the 26th of April 1890, as a runaway, a negro, who says that he belongs to Lafayette Moore of Halifax county, N. C. Said negro is about thirty-five years old, five feet nine inches high; weighs about 165 lbs., dark copper color; says his name is TOM, says he formerly belonged to Dr. James Fields and was sold by him to said Moore.
The owner will come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.
G. L. McKAY, Jailor.
May 3, 1890.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.
which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay all pain and spasmodic action, and is sure to regulate bowels, induce sweet sleep, and will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. We have put up and sold this article for over twenty years, and have never been able to make a better one. It is a household remedy, and is used by all the best mothers in the world. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy, and is the only one of its kind. It is a household remedy, and is used by all the best mothers in the world. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy, and is the only one of its kind.

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IMPORTANT TO TIMBER CULTIVATORS.
6500 ACRES OF PINE LAND FOR SALE, lying in one body on the Okefenokee River, in Tattnall County, Ga. The land is well adapted for the production of pine timber, and is well watered. The title is perfect and undisputed. For further particulars, address A. P. McKAY or M. M. MATTOCK, Reidsville, Tattnall Co., Ga.
Reidsville, April 9.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, RICHMOND COUNTY.
Superior Court of Law and Equity, Spring Term, 1890.
It is ordered by his Honor Judge Shepherd, that a Special Term of the Superior Court of Law and Equity, for the County of Richmond, be held at the Court House in the City of Raleigh, on the 4th day of June, A. D. 1890, at which time jurors, suitors and witnesses will attend.
Witness, R. S. McDONALD, Clerk of said Court, A. D. 1890, and of American Independence the 84th year.
R. S. McDONALD, Clerk.

MOORE AND MONTGOMERY.
We are authorized and requested to announce Gen. WILLIS D. DOWD as a Candidate to represent the Senatorial District of Moore and Montgomery in the next Legislature of N. C.
April 20.

W. S. NORMENT, Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Lumbermen, N. C.
WILL attend the County and Superior Courts of Robeson, Cumberland, Bladen and Columbus. All business entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention. Office in the Court House.
June 27, 1889.

ENCOURAGE N. C. ENTERPRISE.
WOODEN-WARE MANUFACTORY,
NEAR FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
THE Subscribers respectfully inform the public, that they are now manufacturing, at their Establishment near Fayetteville, N. C.

JUNIPER BUCKETS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
HOE HANDLES;
ALSO, ALL KINDS OF **ORIENTAL FENCING.**
And being furnished with a Woodworth's Planer, Scroll-splining and Cutting of Saws, Gauge and other Lathes, are prepared to execute Jobs of Planing, Sawing or Turning, with dispatch and on low terms.
SPRING BEDS.
These Beds give universal satisfaction wherever used, and have the reputation of being the best in use; recommended by the Medical Faculty. We have numerous certificates from those who have used them for Boarding Schools, Public Houses; in fact, for every one who wants a good Bed, there is nothing superior. We have in stock a large number of these Beds, and are prepared to make up to order. They are made by a man who has given entire satisfaction, and is to-day as good as new. Full directions accompany each Bed. Prepared only by **CHURCH & DUPONT,**
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

Threshing Machines.
THE SUBSCRIBER is still Agent for the sale of the celebrated and much admired combined Improved Thresher and Winnowers, manufactured by Wheeler, Melick & Co., Albany, N. Y. These Machines will thresh and clean from 150 to 250 bushels wheat per day, with less wear and less waste than any other machines known in North Carolina.
PRICES AT THE SHOP, via:
Railway Chain Horse Power, \$120
Lever, (superior), 140
Improved Combined Thresher and Winnowers, 125
Terms cash, or approved note on interest.
Warranted to give satisfaction or no sale.
Delivered in Fayetteville or at any Railroad Depot at the above prices—charges and transportation only to be added.
Address:
J. B. TROY, Troy's Store,
W. C. TROY, Fayetteville.
Feb'y 25, 1890.

ECOLOGY!!
THE subscriber keeps constantly on hand a large and varied assortment of Goods of every description.
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GLASS AND PLATE-WARE, WOOD AND STONE WARE, DRUGS, CONFECTIONERIES, AND TOYS.
Best Swede IRON all sizes; SCYTHES, BLADES, MECHANICAL TOOLS and all others too tedious to mention.
Also, 25,000 SHINGLES for sale.
Good exchange for Beer or Cash.
Terms, six months credit.
J. H. FARRAR,
Haywood, N. C., May 4.

WHEAT, WHEAT, WHEAT, WANTED
FOR which the highest price that can be afforded, will be paid at the Merchant Mills, Fayetteville, N. C.
May 4, 1890.

A. G. Thornton & Co.
Are now receiving a large and beautiful stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods; Also, CLOTHING, HATS, CARS, BOOTS AND SHOES.
GROCERIES, consisting of Coffee, Sugar & Molasses.
—ALSO—
A large and general assortment of Hardware and Cutlery. Farming Utensils of all descriptions, Blacksmith Tools, Coopers do; Corn Shellers and Straw Cutters, Hollow-ware, Cotton Yarns and Sewing at Factory prices; all of which will be disposed of at low prices, either at wholesale or retail.
Call and examine our Stock at No. 60 Person St., Fayetteville, N. C. A. G. THORNTON & CO.,
March 24, 1890.

NEVER GIVE UP THE SHIP.
SETTLED FOR LIFE AND NO HOUSE RENT TO PAY.
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method of informing his friends, and the public generally, that he is now receiving his
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
All of which he offers to sell very low FOR CASH or country produce.
He pledges himself to sell Goods as low as can be bought in Fayetteville at the regular retail prices, freight added, at my Stores at Chalk Level and Averboro.
To prove the pudding chew the bag.
So come and see.
A. H. DEWAR.
N. B. I will pay Cash for Corn and Wheat, delivered at my Mills, formerly Douglas's.
D. H. DEWAR.
April 14.

Copartnership Notice.
The name and style of A. BUIE & CO. for the purpose of Merchandizing and making Turpentine.
ARCHIE BUIE, JAS. B. HARRIS, NEILL BUIE.
Red Banks, Robeson Co., May 4.
T. M. SMITH, JOHN MCCLAURIN.
SMITH & MCCLAURIN, Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

NEGROES WANTED.
THE subscribers wish to purchase a number of young NEGROES, for which they are willing to pay the highest cash price. Persons having such property to dispose of would do well to call on them or address them at Red Springs, N. C.
H. A. McNEILL.
Red Springs, March 20, 1890.

IMPORTANT TO TIMBER CULTIVATORS.
6500 ACRES OF PINE LAND FOR SALE, lying in one body on the Okefenokee River, in Tattnall County, Ga. The land is well adapted for the production of pine timber, and is well watered. The title is perfect and undisputed. For further particulars, address A. P. McKAY or M. M. MATTOCK, Reidsville, Tattnall Co., Ga.
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R. S. McDONALD, Clerk.

FAYETTEVILLE HOTEL,
T. WADSWORTH, PROPRIETOR.
THIS, the most commodious Hotel in North Carolina, fronting 300 feet on Hay and Davidson Streets, located in the centre of the business portion of the town, and surrounded by all the Banking Houses, Wholesale Merchants and principal Produce Dealers.
Business men will find the Hotel a convenient and comfortable home.
All the Stages arrive and depart from this Hotel.
Fayetteville, Oct. 1, 1890.

MOTHERS' INFANTILE CORDIAL.
Thousands are daily speaking in the praise of **DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL,** and why? because it never fails to afford instantaneous relief when given in time. It acts on it by magic, and almost alone will convince you that what we say is true. It contains **NO PAREGORIC OR OPIATE** of any kind, and therefore relieves by removing the suffering of your child, instead of by deadening its sensibilities. For this reason, it commands itself as the only reliable preparation now in use, and which is entirely safe. It cures the Stomach, Wind, Cold in the Head, and Croup, also, for softening the gums, reducing inflammation, regulating the bowels, and relieving pain, it has no equal. It is an antidote to the use of narcotics of which all other remedies for Infants' Complaints are composed, take none but **Dr. Eaton's Infantile Cordial**, which you can rely upon. It is perfectly harmless, and causes no injury to the delicate infant. Price, 25 cents. Full directions accompany each bottle. Prepared only by **CHURCH & DUPONT,**
No. 409 Broadway, New York.

BLOOD FOOD
Healthy human blood upon being ANALYZED always presents us with the same essential elements, and gives of course the **True Standard.** Analyze the Blood of a person suffering from Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, &c., and we find in every instance certain deficiencies in the red globules of Blood. Supply these deficiencies, and you are made well. The **Blood Food** is founded upon this Theory—hence its astonishing success. There are **FIVE PREPARATIONS** adapted to different diseases. For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, or any affection whatever of the Throat or Lungs inducing Consumption, use No. 1, which is also the No. for Depression of Spirits, Loss of Appetite, and for all Chronic Complaints arising from Over-exertion, General Debility, and Nervous Prostration. No. 2, for Liver Complaints, No. 3, for Dyspepsia. Being already prepared for absorption it is Taken by Drops and carried immediately into the circulation, so that what you gain you retain. The No. 4 is for Female Irregularities, Hysteria, Weakness, &c. See full directions for this. For Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Scrofulous, Kidney, and Bladder Complaints, take No. 5. In all cases the directions must be strictly followed. Price of the **Blood Food** \$1 per bottle.
Sold by **CHURCH & DUPONT,**
No. 409 Broadway, New York.
And by all respectable Druggists throughout the country.
Nov 11, 1889.

D. W. EVANS & CO.,
No. 677 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED GIFT BOOK HOUSE.
A GIFT WITH EVERY BOOK.
Worth from 50 cents, to \$100.00.
BOOKS.
By constant additions to our stock we have collected the largest and most varied selection of Books ever offered by any publishing house in the country, all of which are fresh from the publishers' hands, and are warranted perfect in every form.
A CATALOGUE, which for perfection of arrangement, careful selection, and classification of Ancient and Modern Literature, has never been equaled, and has been copied and imitated by compilers of Catalogues throughout the country, is now remodelled and improved, and will be mailed free to any address on application.
Send for a Catalogue.
It will be mailed free to any address, and will prove an invaluable assistant in the formation of a library, or the selection of useful and entertaining reading.
GIFTS:
The limitless varieties of Gifts distributed, and their really intrinsic value will commend them to all lovers of good taste. By buying in large quantities, and for cash, we are enabled to appropriate a greater value to our patrons than others, as one trial will convince those who wish to test the strength of our inducements.
DISPATCH.
Those who regard a prompt reply to their orders will be sure and send us their patronage, as the central location of New York City, with its many diverging means of transportation, give us unrivalled advantages in forwarding to the most distant points. The business arrangements of our Establishment have been so thoroughly perfected, that orders received by the evening mail, the next morning are on their way to their destination, and no orders are delayed over twenty-four hours from the time of their reception.
SAFETY.
We take the risk of all loss through the mail, if the directions are followed as in Catalogue, which is not done by other Gift Book Houses. Money sent is not done of draft payable to our order, or letters enclosing funds, if registered according to law, are insured a safe return.
AGENTS.
Book Agents, and those desiring to become so, should examine our terms, as ten books can be sold, in the same time that one may be disposed of in the regular way, through the inducements given by us to the purchaser.
We pay the most liberal commissions to Agents.
We keep the most varied and extensive stock of Books and Gifts, and gratuitously circulate the most complete and best classified catalogue in the country.
We guarantee perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.
How to send for Books.
Orders of Five Books and upwards, should be sent by express, if possible, as it is cheaper and safer than by mail.
Money, if possible, should be sent in form of Draft, as payment can be stopped if lost through the mail.
Letters enclosing money may be sent at our risk, provided they are registered according to law. These precautions are simple, and within the reach of all, assuring the safe transmittance of Books.
In ordering books, enclose stamps, in black letters only, should be used. The writing should be plain, and the name, Post Office, County and State should be distinct to avoid mistake.
Send for a Catalogue.
Direct all communications to **D. W. EVANS & CO.,**
677 BROADWAY, New York.
7-2m

LARGE STOCK! NEW GOODS!!
I HAVE just received my Winter Stock of Goods in my line. They were selected in the Northern cities by myself, with great care, and bought on the most reasonable terms, by which I am enabled to offer the largest stock I ever before offered to the public, and to offer them **At Greatly Reduced Prices!**

FRUITS:
Raisins, Figs, Prunes, Apples, Lemons, Oranges, Cherries, Currants, Pie Fruits, Stuffed Dates, Citron, &c.
PICKLES, JELLIES & PRESERVES:
—A great variety—
Perfumeries and Extracts,
Of various kinds: Fancy Soaps and Pomades.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS:
Fiddles, Drums, Flutes, Flasks, Banjos, Guitars, &c.
WALKING CANES, of every kind; Basket and Willow Ware, Hobby Horses, &c.

FINE AND COMMON CANDIES:
Sardines; Fine Cigars; Smoking and Chewing Tobacco; Crackers; Fine Pocket Knives; a large assortment of Port-Wines, some very nice; Fancy Envelopes and Fancy Goods; Toys and Yankee Notions; an assortment of India Rubber Goods, Whips, Combs; Fishing Tackle;
Cocoa and Other Nuts.
FANCY GOODS:
Pajamas, Reticules, Caps, Rubber Round Combs, Watch Guards—Mohair, Silk and Leather, Fancy Boxes, Pistols, Fancy Flasks, Shot Belts, Brandy Pouches—in gallon or half gallon jars, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Large Lot of Fire Works, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.
Speed and Norfolk Oysters constantly on hand.
Country dealers and the public are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves, as it is impossible to describe in full a few of the leading articles.
I have a great many handsome things which cannot fail to please.
J. R. LEE,
No. 40, HOTEL BUILDING, 72.
Dec 3, 1889.

D. & W. MCCLAURIN,
WOULD invite attention to their large and desirable Stock of
GROCERIES,
Consisting in part of—
150 Bags Rio, Laguaira and Java Coffee;
100 Bbls. and Hbls. Sugar (assorted);
25 Hbls. Molasses;
300 " Bacon—Sides and Shoulders;
500 Sacks Salt;
125 Boxes Good Tobacco;
125 " Sperm, Adamantine & Tallow Candles;
50 " Soap (assorted);
50 " Candy
100 Bags Shot
1000 lbs. Bar Lead;
20 1/2 Bbls. Snuff—Eagle Mills;
25 Kegs Soda;
250 " Nails.
—ALSO—
A large and general assortment of
Hardware and Cutlery;
Farming Utensils, of all descriptions;
American, English, Swedes and Peruvian Iron; Blister, German and Cast Steel;
Blacksmiths' Tools;
Corn Shellers and Straw Cutters;
Knives, Brooms and Pails;
Cotton, Manila and Jute Rope, (all kinds and quality);
Plow Lines and Bed Cords;
Hollow Ware;
Cotton Yarns and Sheetings at factory prices.
All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on usual time to prompt paying customers.
DEPT. COUNTRY MERCHANTS are respectfully requested to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
D. & W. MCCLAURIN,
March 3, 1889.

REMOVAL.
E. GLOVER, WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER.
HAS removed Two Doors West of his old stand, to the store adjoining J. W. McCLaurin's, and those who have favored us with their patronage shall have them promptly attended to. We hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
I. & H. DODD.
April 11.

BACON! BACON!!
25,000 LBS. EXTRA N. C. BACON—HAMS, SIDES AND SHOULDERS, for sale by **J. W. HORNE.**
April 27, 1890.

FRESH FRUITS!
25 BOXES ORANGES.
150 do LEMONS.
100 do PEACHES.
New York Apples, Cooking Apples, and large Stock of Confectionaries, at Hotel Building, No. 40.
April 30, 1890.
Glue and Spirits Barrels.
CONSTANTLY on hand by **E. F. MOORE.**
Feb'y 20.

To Turpentine Distillers.
THE highest Cash price paid for SPIRITS TURPENTINE by **E. F. MOORE.**
Feb'y 20.

Bacon and Corn.
2000 BUSHELS OF GOOD CORN, 15,000 lbs. well-smoked BACON.
For sale by **E. F. MOORE.**
Feb'y 20.

Guano! Guano!
500 BAGS N. 1 GUANO. For sale by **E. F. MOORE.**
Feb'y 20.

E. F. MOORE, COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND will keep constantly on hand every article in the Turpentine Distillers' Line.
Feb'y 20.

GUANO! GUANO!!
A FRESH SUPPLY just received.
C. T. HAIGH & SONS.
April 16.

LIME.
300 CASKS UNSLAKED LIME in prime order, for sale low.
T. S. LUTTERLOH.
May 7, 1890.

PAINTS, OILS, &c.
S'PERM, Refined, Lead, Linseed and Tanners' OILS and White Lead, Burning Fluid; Putty; Window Glass and Sash of all sizes.
—ALSO—
A fresh supply of POND'S PAIN DESTROYER.
JAMES MARTINE.
Nov'y 24, 1889.

BOOK-BINDING
IN all its kinds, executed with neatness and dispatch. Small jobs when done must be paid before delivered.
THOMAS H. TILLINGHAM.
Opposite the Female High School, Hay Street, May 14, 1889.

At the request of many friends, I again announce myself a candidate for the Office of Sheriff of Cumberland County. Thankful to my fellow-citizens for the very liberal support heretofore given me, should they again elect me to the office, I can only promise me, to discharge its duties with that ability I may possess.
HECTOR McNEIL.
May 2.

CAPE FEAR NAVIGATION COMPANY.
THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held in Fayetteville on Friday 1st June next.
S. W. TILLINGHAM, Pres't.
May 2, 1890.

FAYETTEVILLE MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.
THE SEVENTH ANNUAL MEETING of this Company will be held at the Office of the Company, on Thursday the 24th May.
C. A. McMILLAN, Sec'y.
April 23.

Floral College.
THE ensuing Session in this Institution will commence on the 24th Wednesday in Jan'y next. The management and instruction of the Institution will be under the Rev. Daniel Johnson and Mr. John C. Sutherland, with an able Corps of Assistants in all the departments. The Principal and his lady will take entire charge of the Boarding establishment, thus giving to the School more of the family element. This arrangement, it is believed, will greatly advance the usefulness of the Institution.
M. C. McNAIR, Sec'y Board of Trustees.
Dec'r 20.

NOTICE.
MR. JOHN H. HYMAN of Scotland Neck, N. C., this day becomes a partner in our House, and for the future the style of the Firm will be
DANCY, HYMAN & CO.
On the 1st of September next, a branch house will be opened in Norfolk, Va., under the name of HYMAN, DANCY & CO., to be conducted by JOHN H. HYMAN and F. M. HYMAN.

New Spring Goods.
ALEX. JOHNSON, JR.
HAS received in part, and is daily receiving, a large and desirable stock of
SPRING GOODS,
Embracing all the newest styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, Shawls, Lace Points, Mantillas, Embroideries, &c.
—ALSO—
A fine assortment of—
Gentlemen's Summer Goods, and Ready-Made Clothing, Bonnets and Millinery Goods of all kinds.
March 15.

Please Call and See!
WE have been receiving by the latest arrivals a handsome assortment of
SPRING STYLES,
consisting of French BONNETS of every material, a great variety of—
Miss's Flats, Infants' Caps; Large Bonnets suitable for old Ladies; French Flower Ruches and Ribbons; a variety of new Dress Goods—Orangies, Anglaises, Robes, Blk Lace Points, Berage Mantillas, Linen check Dusters, Parasols, and a first rate article of Hoop Skirts.
And a great variety of articles too tedious to mention. We shall be glad to see our patrons, and those who will favor us with their orders shall have them promptly attended to. We hope by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.
I. & H. DODD.
April 11.

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THOMAS H. TILLINGHAM.
Opposite the Female High School, Hay Street, May 14, 1889.

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